

Chapter 7

# Case Studies and Real-World Applications

---

Analyzing and Critiquing Existing Visualizations to  
Develop Critical Thinking and Data Literacy.

# WHY CASE STUDIES MATTER



## Ubiquity of Data

Most visuals come from media, dashboards, and professional reports.



## Accuracy & Honesty

Not all visualizations are accurate; some are intentionally misleading.



## Critical Literacy

Literacy is the ability to read, question, and evaluate visual evidence.



# WHAT IS A CASE STUDY?



## News Graphics

Public-facing visuals designed to communicate complex stories or trends quickly.



## Dashboards

Real-time tools like COVID-19 trackers used for critical public health decisions.



## Official Reports

Corporate or government documents used to justify policy or business strategy.

# COMMON VISUALIZATION SOURCES



## Online News Portals

Dynamic graphics in journalism.



## Open Data Dashboards

Government transparency tools.



## Academic Papers

Data-heavy research publications.



## Social Media

Impactful, shareable infographics.



## Industry Reports

Internal and external business data.



**Note:** Real-world visuals often prioritize speed and impact over precision.

# Goals of Visualization Critique

---

Moving from passive consumer to critical viewer.

# SIMPLE CRITIQUE FRAMEWORK



## Message

What is it saying?



## Data

Is the data source clear?



## Appropriateness

Is the chart type right?



## Deception

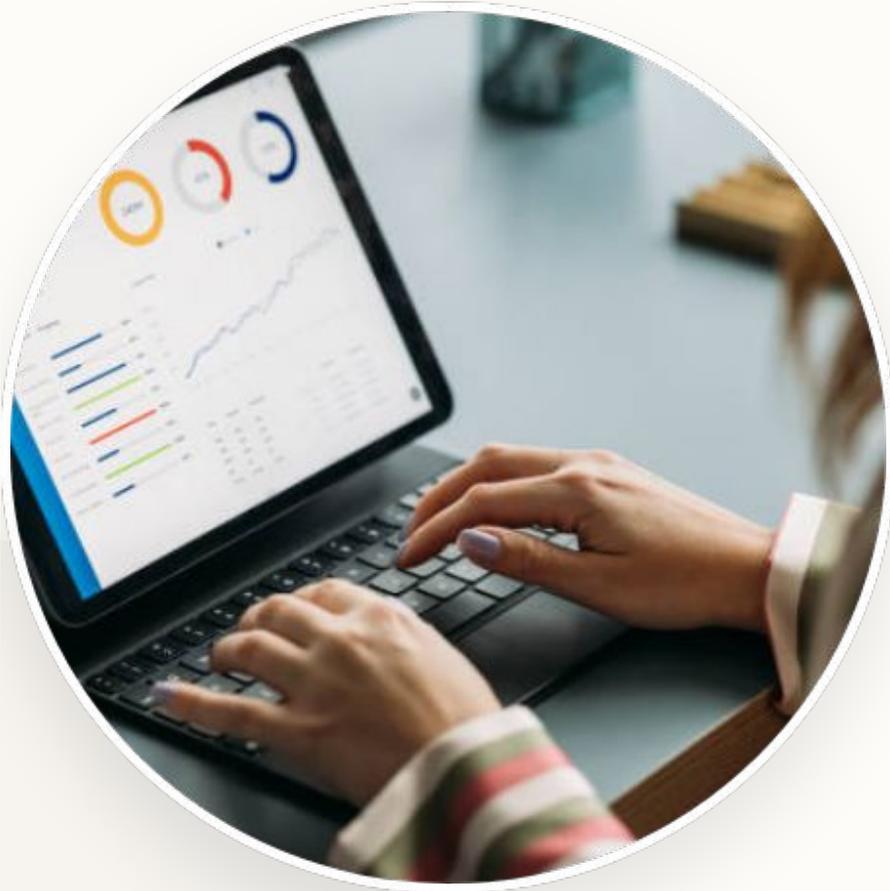
Are there misleading elements?



## Improvement

How can we fix it?

# STEP 1: IDENTIFY THE MESSAGE



## Question Intent

Every visualization has a goal. Ask yourself: What conclusion does the creator want the viewer to make?

**Common Issue:** Clutter and poor hierarchy often hide the true message behind noise.

## STEP 2: UNDERSTANDING THE DATA

Critical Component	What to Check	Warning Sign
Data Type	Is it categorical, numerical, or time-series?	Inconsistent data formatting.
Scale & Units	Are the units (\$, kg, %) clearly defined?	Missing axis labels or legends.
Source	Where did the data originate?	Unknown or biased provider.

# STEP 3: EVALUATING CHART CHOICE

## Pie vs. Bar Charts

Pie charts are often used for too many slices, making comparison impossible. Bar charts are almost always superior for accurate value comparison.

## Line vs. Bar Charts

Line charts should represent continuous time-series data. Using bars for trends can hide the rate of change between points.

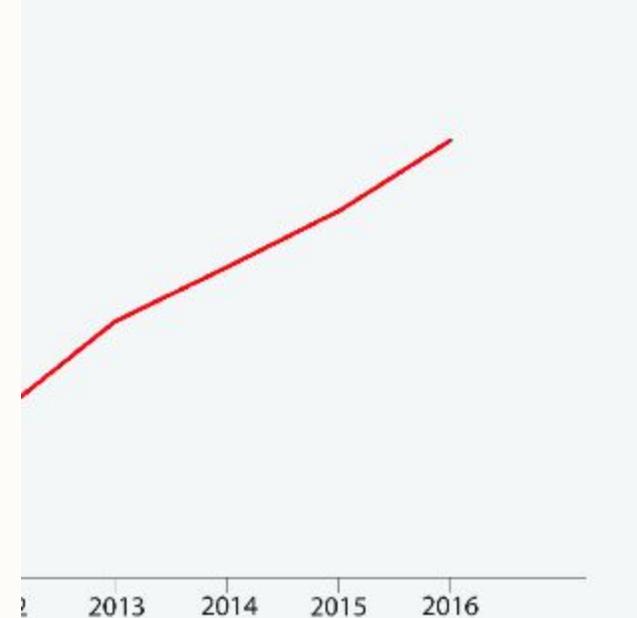
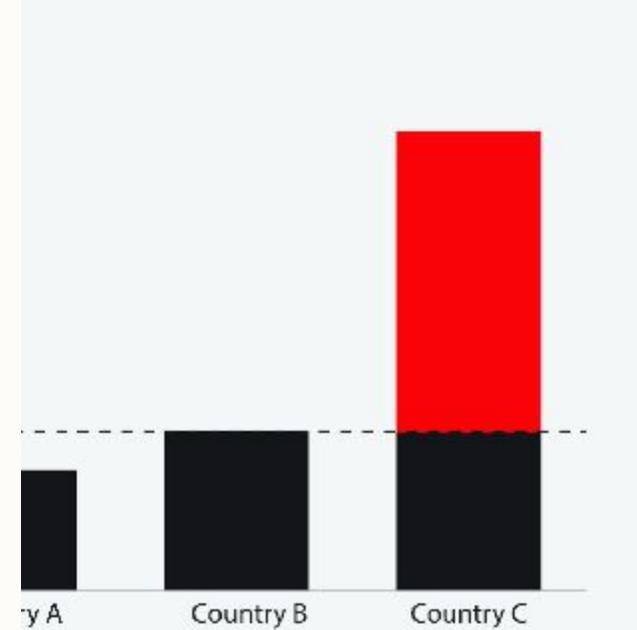
# STEP 4: DETECTING MISLEADING ELEMENTS

 **Truncated Y-Axis** - Starting at a non-zero value to exaggerate differences.

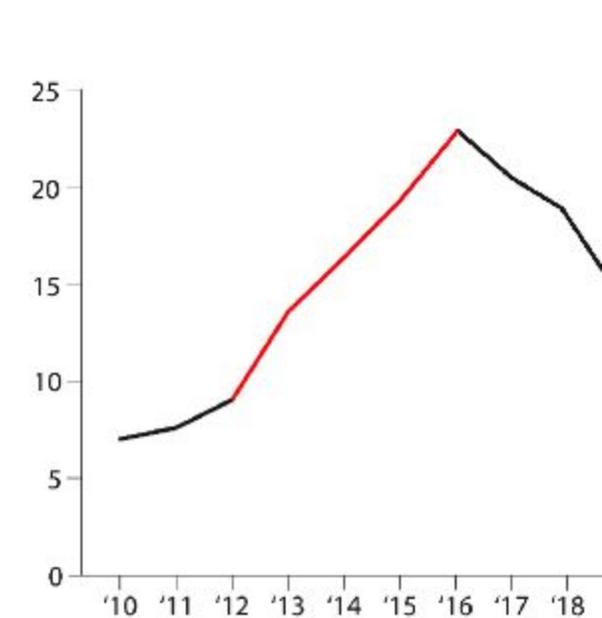
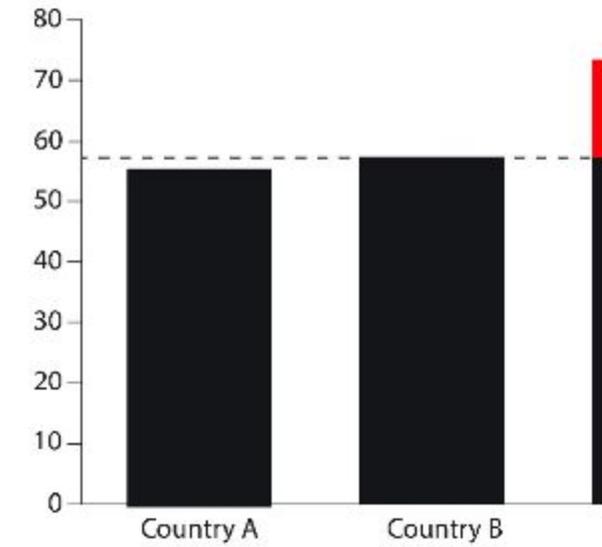
 **3D Effects** - Unnecessary depth that distorts the perception of volume and size.

 **Cherry-Picking** - Showing only specific timeframes to hide a larger trend.

MISLEADING



ACCURATE



# STEP 5: VISUAL DESIGN QUALITY

## Key Evaluation Metrics



### Color Usage

Does color highlight meaning or just distract?



### Readability

Are labels legible and positioned clearly?



### Visual Hierarchy

Does the design guide the eye naturally?



### De-cluttering

Is there unnecessary non-data ink?



# CLASSIFYING VISUALIZATIONS



## The Good

Clear, accurate, and effective in communicating its intended message.



## The Bad

Poor design choices that lead to an unclear or confusing message.



## The Ugly

Overcomplicated, cluttered, and aesthetically jarring to the viewer.



## The Wrong

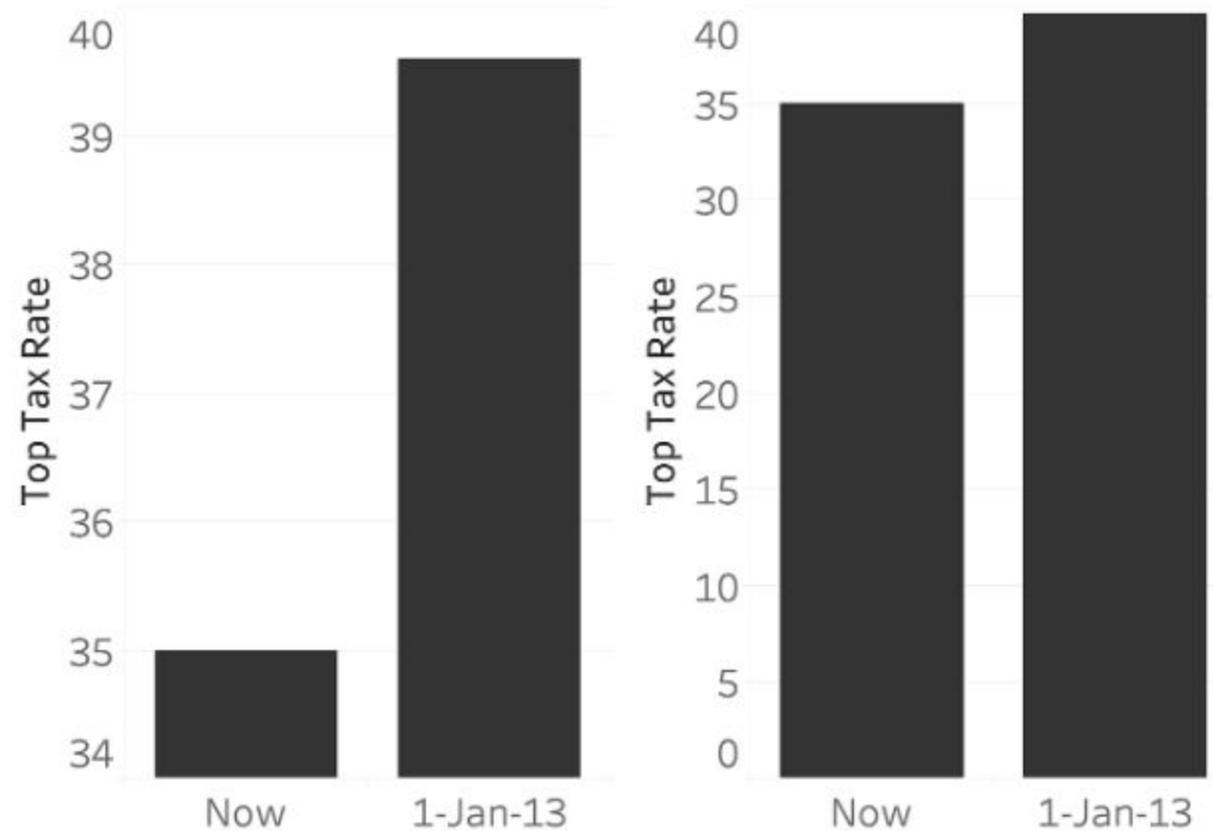
Deceptive or misleading design that distorts the underlying data.

## EXAMPLE: WRONG

### The Misleading Bar Chart

**The Issue:** The Y-axis does not start at zero. This causes small differences in data to appear massively exaggerated.

**Lesson:** Always check the axis scale before trusting a comparison.

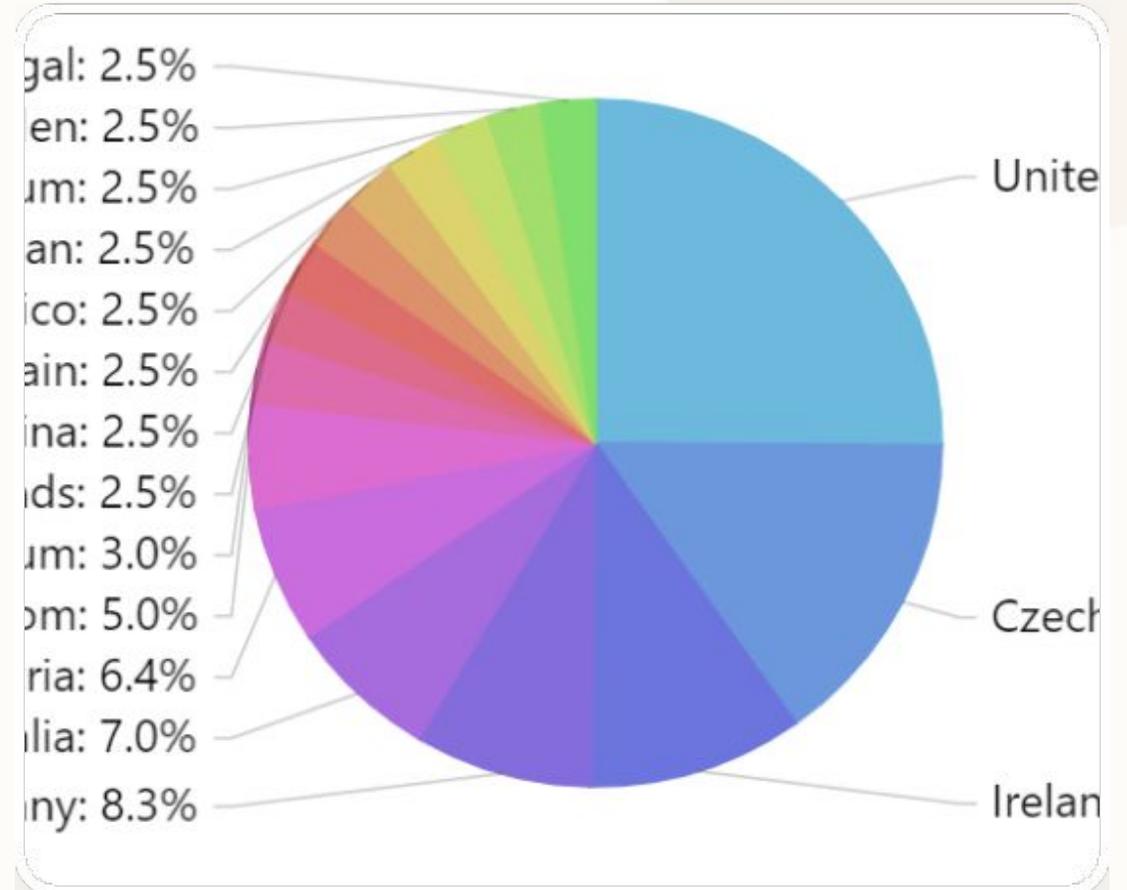


# EXAMPLE: UGLY

## The Overloaded Pie Chart

**The Issue:** Too many slices make it impossible to compare values or read labels effectively.

**Solution:** Use a horizontal bar chart for easier comparison.



Total Transactions  
**1732**  
+ 1% from Last Week

Average Wait in Minutes  
**23.5**  
+ 2% from Last Week

Total Crew Members  
**223**  
+ 1% from Last Week

Total Customers  
**4,567**  
+ 12% from Last Week



Choose a part



Choose a model

- MTX-EU
- MTX-USA
- MTX-IND



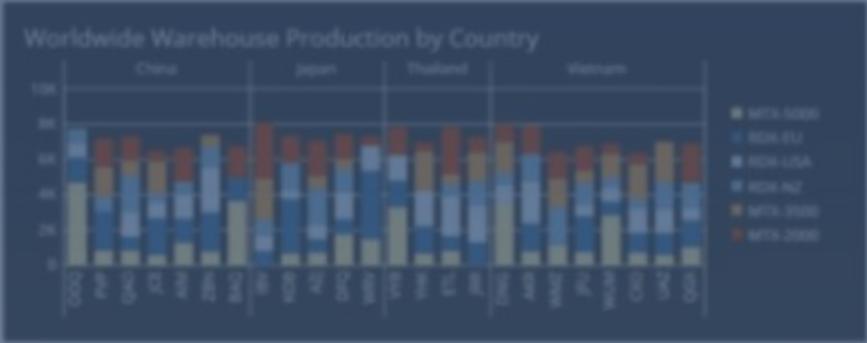
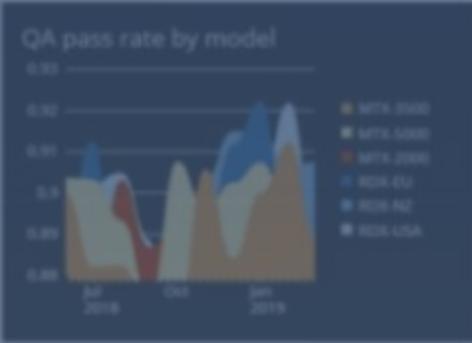
# Example: Good

## Well-Designed Business Dashboard

Strengths: Clear layout, consistent color palette, and a focus on actionable key insights that guide the user's decision-making process.



Choose a date



# IMPACT OF POOR DESIGN



## Public Misinformation

Misleading visuals can sway public opinion on critical social, political, and health issues based on false perceptions.



## Business Risk

Executives making multi-million dollar decisions based on "pretty" but inaccurate dashboards risk severe financial loss.

Individual Task

# Student Activity: Visualization Critique

---

Find, classify, and justify three real-world examples using the framework provided in this chapter.

# EVALUATION CRITERIA

Criteria	Exceptional Performance
<b>Data Understanding</b>	Deep grasp of variables, scale, and context.
<b>Critique Accuracy</b>	Ability to pinpoint specific technical or visual flaws.
<b>Clarity of Explanation</b>	Logical flow in communicating the "why" behind errors.
<b>Actionable Suggestions</b>	Providing concrete, valid redesign alternatives.

# SKILLS GAINED



## **Critical Reading**

The ability to spot a "lie" in a graph within seconds.



## **Deception Detection**

Identify common tricks like truncated axes and 3D effects.



## **Responsible Communication**

Learn to present data ethically and accurately.



## **Applied Principles**

Translate these insights into your own future projects.

# CHAPTER SUMMARY



## Vigilance

Real-world visualizations are not always correct or ethical.



## Analysis

Critical analysis is an essential professional skill for any data worker.



## Integrity

Good design supports truth, clarity, and responsible storytelling.

“ *A beautiful chart that lies is more dangerous than an ugly chart that tells the truth.* ”

---

Chapter 7: Final Thought

# IMAGE SOURCES



[https://venngage-wordpress.s3.amazonaws.com/uploads/2022/02/What\\_is\\_Visual\\_Hierarchy\\_\\_Why\\_It\\_s\\_Important\\_in\\_Business\\_Communication.png](https://venngage-wordpress.s3.amazonaws.com/uploads/2022/02/What_is_Visual_Hierarchy__Why_It_s_Important_in_Business_Communication.png)

Source: [venngage.com](https://venngage.com)

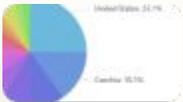
---



[https://miro.medium.com/v2/resize:fit:1400/0\\*lwSy-H8ZpZz5luyq](https://miro.medium.com/v2/resize:fit:1400/0*lwSy-H8ZpZz5luyq)

Source: [mcorrell.medium.com](https://mcorrell.medium.com)

---



[https://www.amcharts.com/docs/v4/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2019/11/2019-11-27\\_17-02-33.png](https://www.amcharts.com/docs/v4/wp-content/uploads/sites/2/2019/11/2019-11-27_17-02-33.png)

Source: [www.amcharts.com](https://www.amcharts.com)

---



[https://cdn.prod.website-files.com/67af3db5bb3b892e61258bd4/684150a03f50d03f6f023a30\\_analytics-dashboard.png](https://cdn.prod.website-files.com/67af3db5bb3b892e61258bd4/684150a03f50d03f6f023a30_analytics-dashboard.png)

Source: [www.domo.com](https://www.domo.com)

# IMAGE SOURCES



<https://www.rib-software.com/app/uploads/2024/06/dashboard-design-principles-blog-rib.webp>

Source: [www.rib-software.com](http://www.rib-software.com)

---



<https://media.istockphoto.com/id/2035914580/photo/professional-woman-analyzing-data-on-tablet-at-work-desk.jpg?s=612x612&w=0&k=20&c=uxzpep4tT1Qq7IsYb5BjunLbJF2W7Ui-NrhSjbW1slE=>

Source: [www.istockphoto.com](http://www.istockphoto.com)

---



[https://jcom.sissa.it/article/pubid/JCOM\\_2107\\_2022\\_A07/figure-0001.png](https://jcom.sissa.it/article/pubid/JCOM_2107_2022_A07/figure-0001.png)

Source: [jcom.sissa.it](http://jcom.sissa.it)